

# Balazs Michnay

SENIOR UX DESIGNER – CASE STUDY

## Overview

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with users in mind

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# Overview

I'd like to take you on a short journey to a world where keeping IT infrastructure of large organisations secure is no longer a difficult task. IT Admins and Chief Security Officers are constantly monitoring the health of the organisation's whole device estate and if it's not done right, it's easy to overlook critical issues. I accepted this great challenge with an interaction designer alongside myself to deliver the next-generation experience of security products within about 8 months.

The company was really keen on delivering a great experience so gave full support, listened carefully what we needed and provided as much information as they could to make this product a success. This was clearly a strategic design project so quick tactical solutions with only low-level operational UX activities were out of the question. This had to be a properly executed full end-to-end UX project.

# Challenges

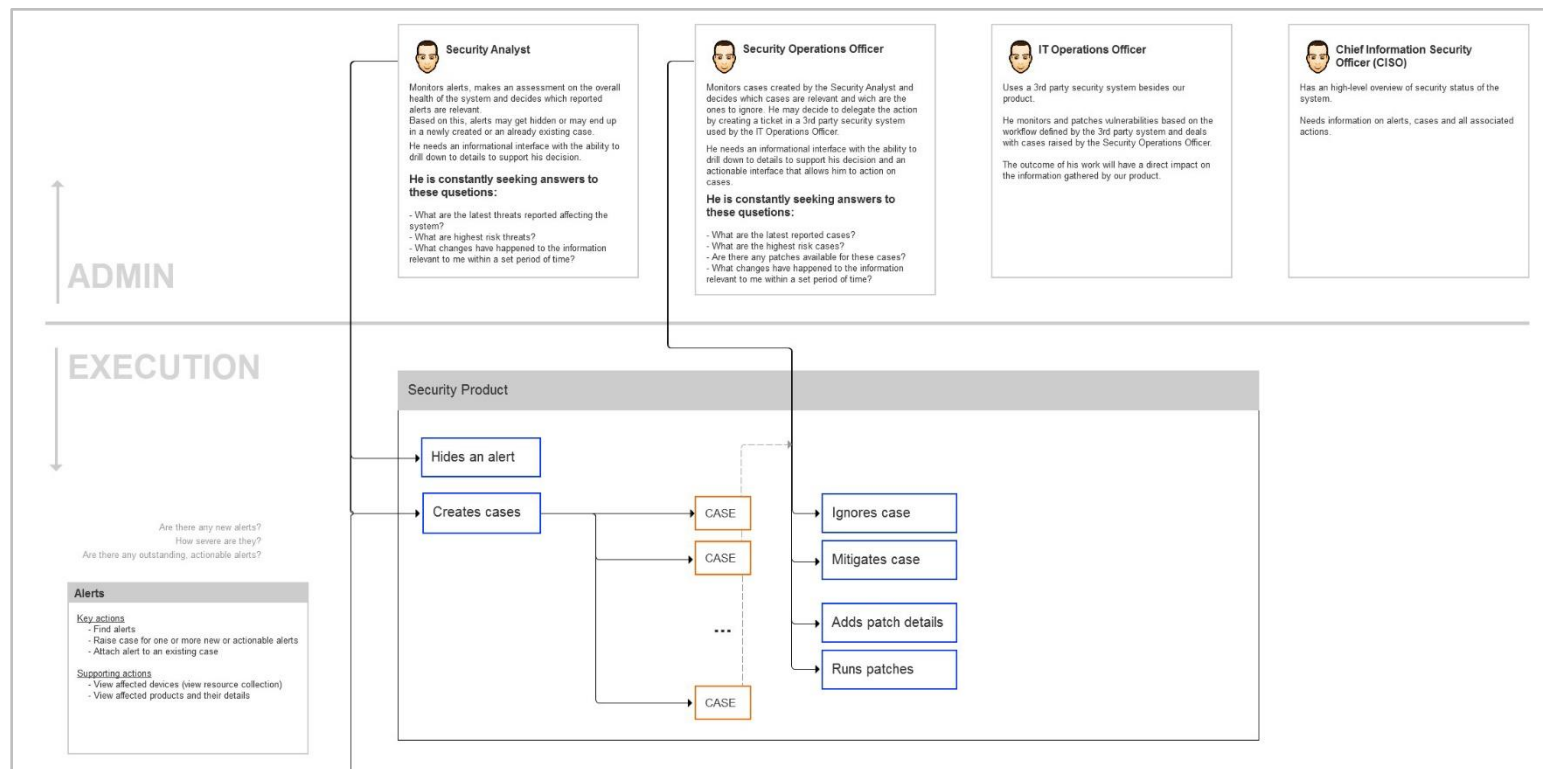
As for the challenges, there were many, but the ones below stood out the most.

- This was the company's first security product so there wasn't much information readily available on users and all the context around them, which is absolutely essential in order to design effectively.
- Another big challenge was the sheer scale of data and information IT admins need to deal with. Large organisations often have hundreds of thousands of devices spread across multiple locations with millions of applications installed. Being able to spot and act on security issues in a timely manner is the backbone of the whole solution.

# Approach

I wanted to understand the company first, so I started by gathering company goals, mission statements, short and long-term goals, business objectives and project briefs. Why? Because UX is not only about making users happy, it's more about finding the best possible alignment between user needs and business objectives.

Once familiar with the business, the context around users had to be dissected in order to ensure our solutions matched their expectations. Contextual interviews with users and key stakeholders were extremely important to learn about them, their roles, how they deal with security issues at the moment, what the biggest pain points are right now, how they share work with other people to mention a few important points. At the end of the discovery phase we had a clear picture of the business problem at hand as well as all about how users currently solve it and how they would see it solved.

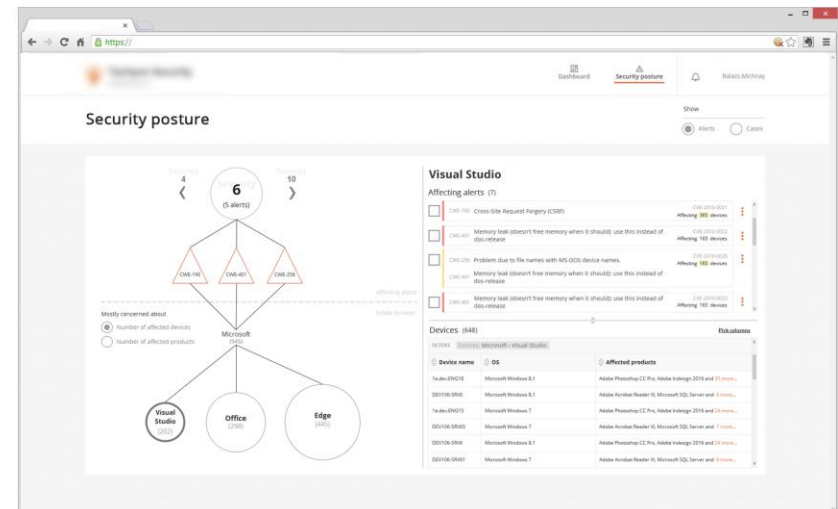
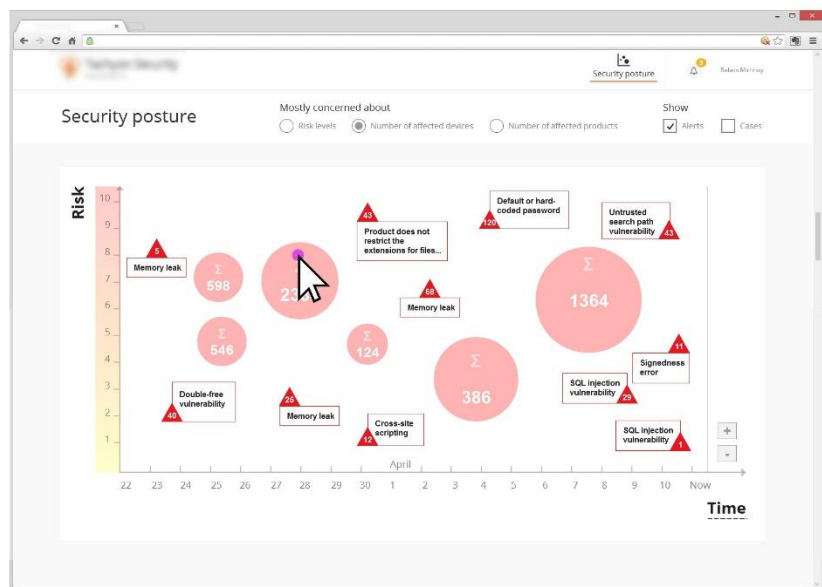
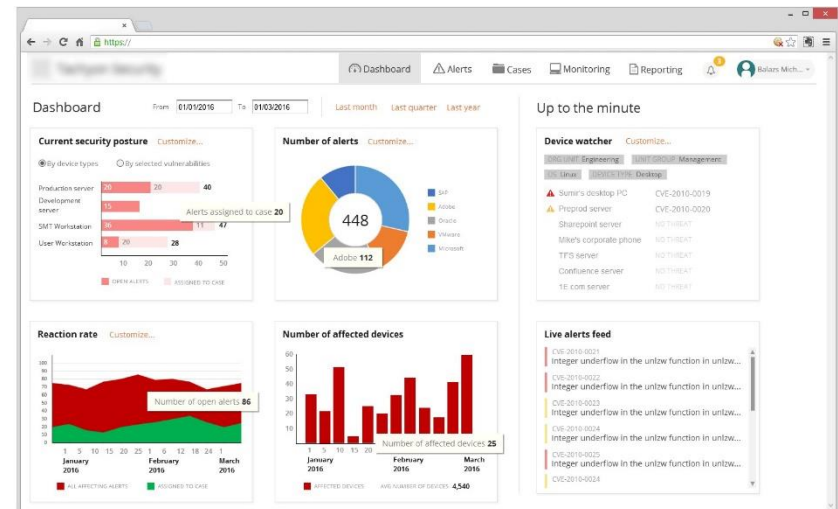
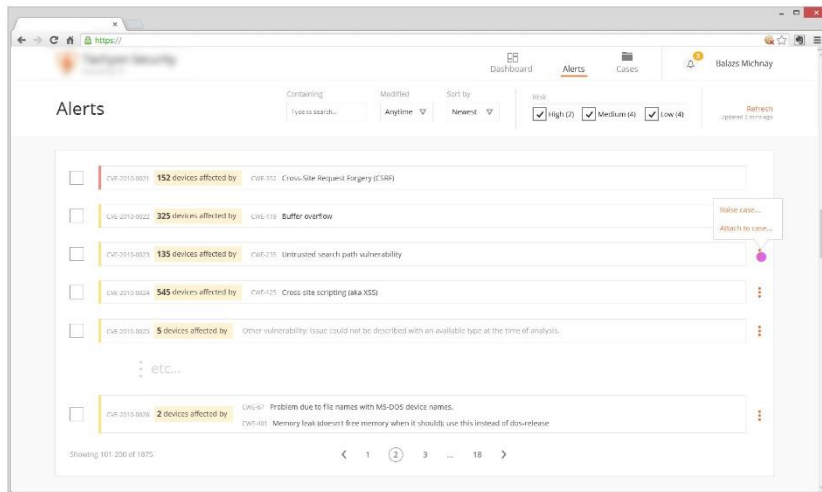


This is a small extract from the discovery phase document with some key user roles.

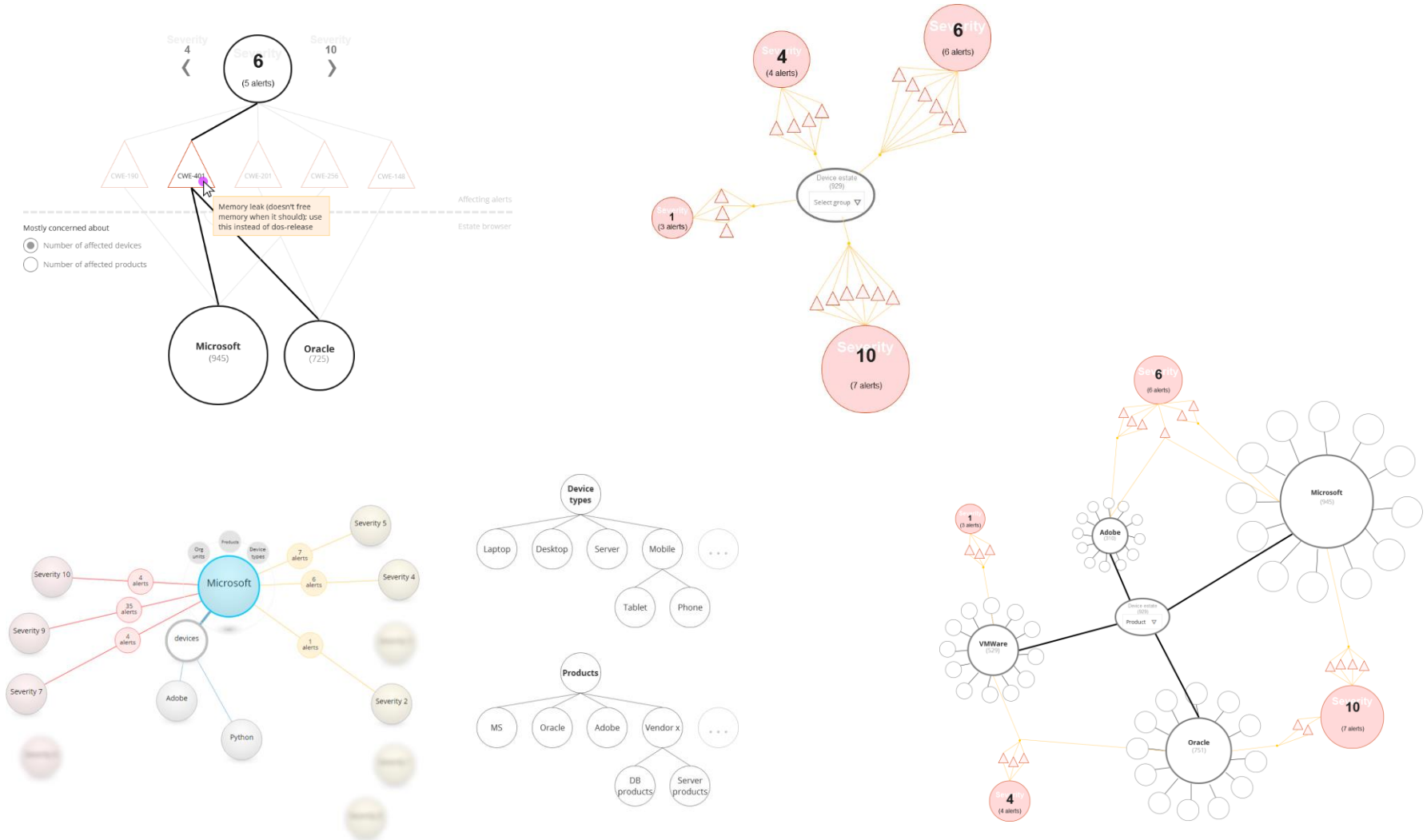
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The ideation sessions brought some great ideas that we turned into multiple micro-solutions. These allowed for the creation of high-level concept interfaces, this time in a more consumable way.

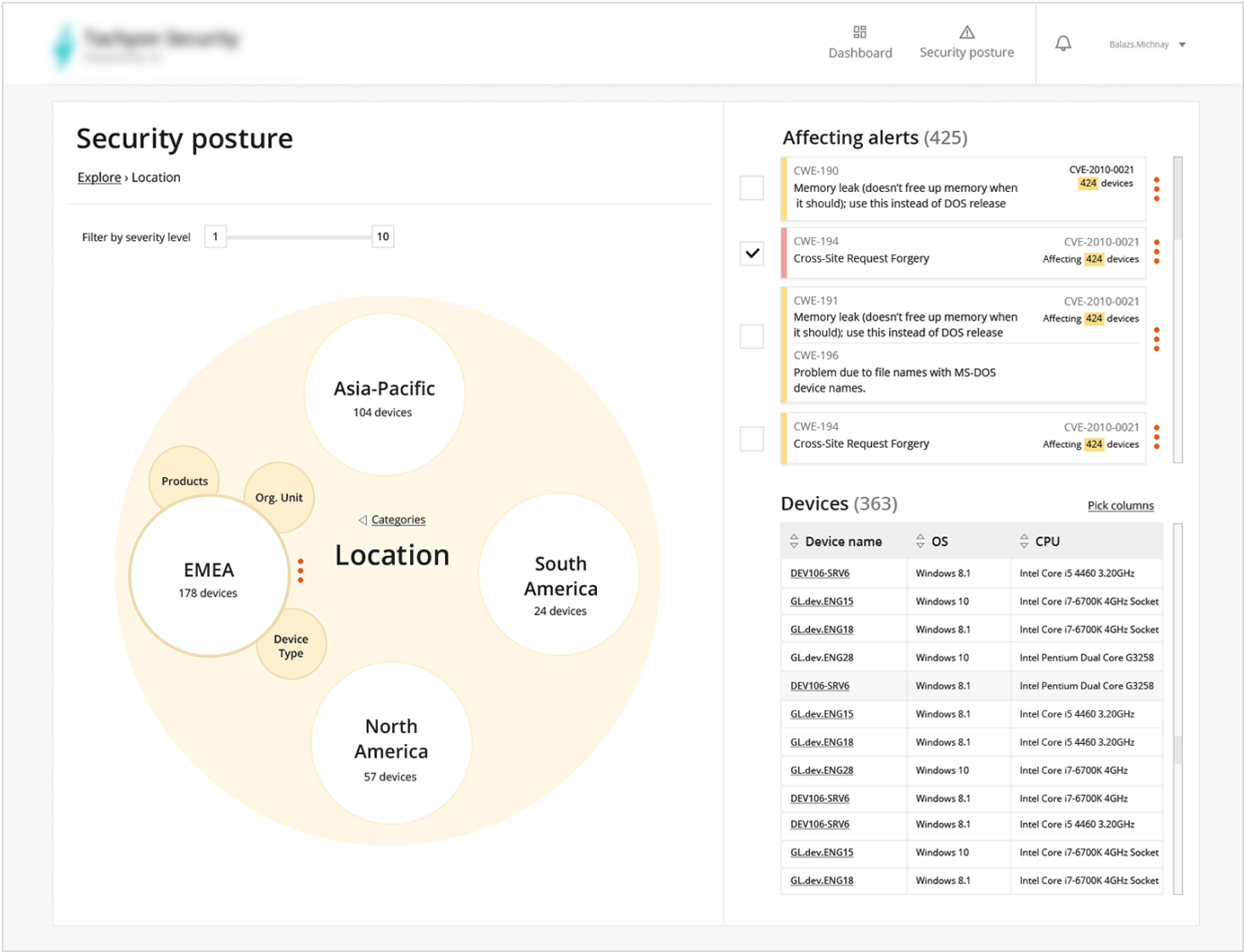


Concepts were then turned into prototypes that were tested with users. We sought to understand which solution made most sense to them so we could iterate those further. The visual navigation solution generated very good feedback so we came up with other ways how users could visually navigate across a huge database of devices.





After a few iterations of testing and refining, it was time for a high-fidelity version.



Many organisations are still in a transitional phase when it comes to following a UX process for delivering software products. Building awareness around human-centered design and the ROI of having UXers around is our responsibility. Many divisions and teams sometimes struggle to understand how a UX team gets to a solution. Proper internal knowledge transfer and regular internal feedback sessions help deal with such issues. When our solution was firm, I delivered a presentation to key stakeholders and execs to clear up any doubts around hows and whys.

**VISUAL NAVIGATION**

PROOF OF CONCEPT PROTOTYPE SHOWCASE

SEPTEMBER 9, 2016

Balazs Michnay

**WHAT ARE WE TRYING TO SOLVE?**

Most 1E product workflows are directly related to:

- the ability to traverse the complex network of devices within the estate or
- To general device-centric activities

**WHAT ARE THE CHALLENGES?**

- **Familiarity and intuitiveness**  
Regardless of what solution we go with, it should instantly make sense through an intuitive interface
  - Too many unexpected may alienate users. Onboard them!
- **Scalability**
  - Anticipation of the amount of data that may be thrown at this control
- **Scope and purpose**  
Instant access to lower-level details in a more conventional, consumable way
  - The only purpose of the control is easy navigation

**USE CASE**

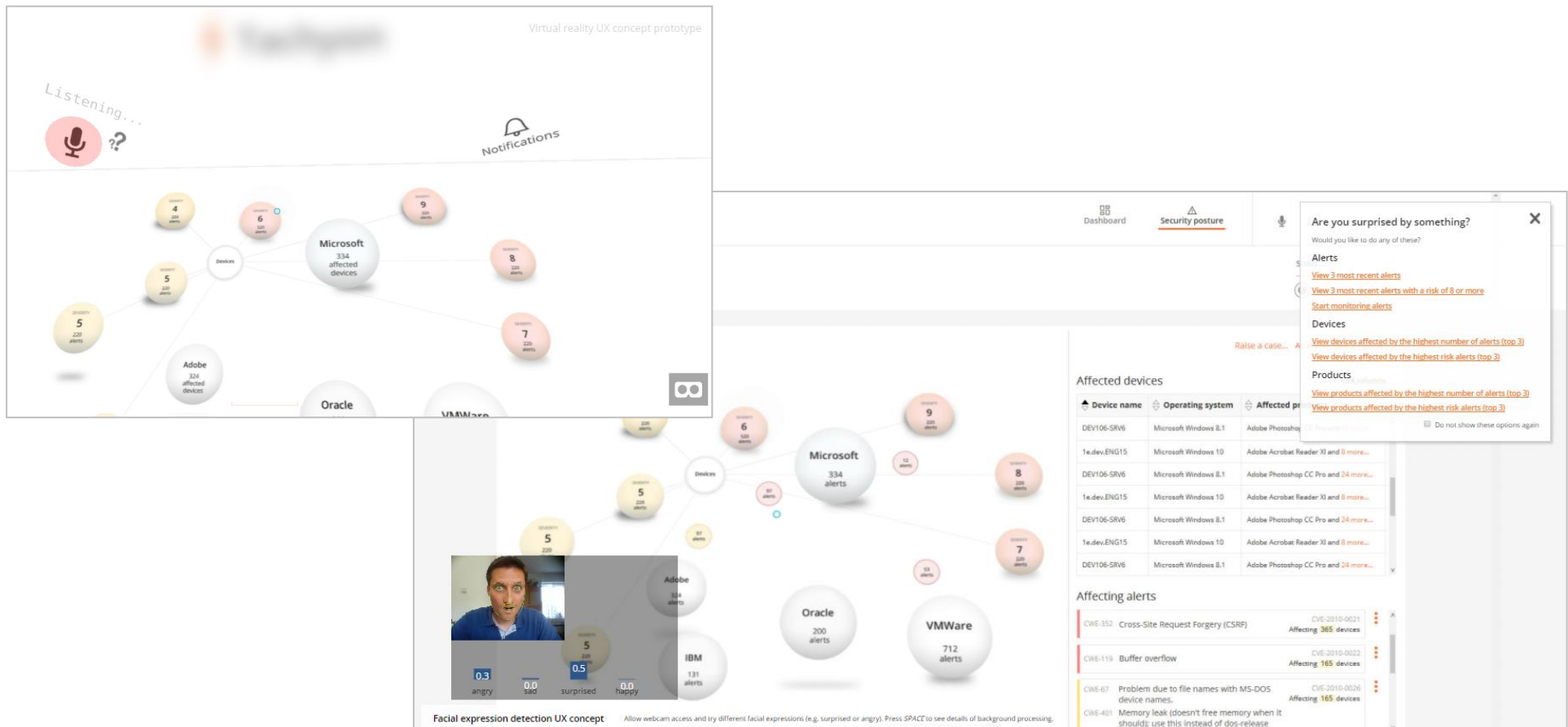
I'd like to know which devices have at least one product installed affected by a severity 10 vulnerability within the OU I'm responsible for.

NOB

ROLE: Security Operations Officer

RESPONSIBLE FOR: All Engineering devices at the London office

But design is never done! Technologies change, the way we interact with interfaces and devices change so we always need to be on the lookout for innovative solutions. This is why I implemented a conversational, virtual-reality interface for a more immersive experience and an interface that analyzes our facial expressions for automatic, proactive suggestions for actions.



# Results

Compared to other security tools on the market, this product gave complete situational awareness of the overall health of the device estate and allows for immediate, optionally bulk actioning on security issues with just a few interactions.

The company showcased the product at a number of shows and the feedback and reception was brilliant, the application proved to provide a very refreshing experience compared to other tools IT Admins use.